

In the United States Court of Federal Claims
OFFICE OF SPECIAL MASTERS
No. 18-0037V
UNPUBLISHED

RICHARD STROESSNER,

Petitioner,

v.

SECRETARY OF HEALTH AND
HUMAN SERVICES,

Respondent.

Chief Special Master Corcoran

Filed: April 21, 2022

Special Processing Unit (SPU);
Damages Decision Based on Proffer;
Influenza (Flu) Vaccine; Guillain-
Barre Syndrome (GBS)

Richard Gage, Richard Gage, P.C. (WY), Cheyenne, WY, for Petitioner.

Ryan Daniel Pyles, U.S. Department of Justice, Washington, DC, for Respondent.

DECISION AWARDING DAMAGES¹

On January 8, 2018, Richard Stroessner filed a petition for compensation under the National Vaccine Injury Compensation Program, 42 U.S.C. §300aa-10, *et seq.*,² (the “Vaccine Act”). Petitioner alleges that, after receiving an influenza vaccination on October 19, 2015, he “suffered Guillain-Barré Syndrome (“GBS”) *within the time set forth on the vaccine injury table.*” Petition at ¶¶ 2, 6. The case was assigned to the Special Processing Unit of the Office of Special Masters.

On January 27, 2020, a ruling on entitlement was issued, finding Petitioner entitled to compensation for his GBS. On April 19, 2022, Respondent filed a proffer on award of

¹ Because this unpublished Decision contains a reasoned explanation for the action in this case, I am required to post it on the United States Court of Federal Claims' website in accordance with the E-Government Act of 2002. 44 U.S.C. § 3501 note (2012) (Federal Management and Promotion of Electronic Government Services). **This means the Decision will be available to anyone with access to the internet.** In accordance with Vaccine Rule 18(b), Petitioner has 14 days to identify and move to redact medical or other information, the disclosure of which would constitute an unwarranted invasion of privacy. If, upon review, I agree that the identified material fits within this definition, I will redact such material from public access.

² National Childhood Vaccine Injury Act of 1986, Pub. L. No. 99-660, 100 Stat. 3755. Hereinafter, for ease of citation, all “§” references to the Vaccine Act will be to the pertinent subparagraph of 42 U.S.C. § 300aa (2012).

compensation ("Proffer") indicating Petitioner should be awarded compensation in the amount of \$223,662.50 (representing \$175,000.00 for his past and future pain and suffering,³ \$3,426.50 for his past unreimbursable expenses, and \$45,236.00 for future life care plan expenses for the first year following the entry of Judgment) and an amount sufficient to purchase an annuity contract as described in Section A of the proffer. Proffer at 1-3. In the Proffer, Respondent represented that Petitioner agrees with the proffered award. *Id.* Based on the record as a whole, I find that Petitioner is entitled to an award as stated in the Proffer.

Pursuant to the terms stated in the attached Proffer, **I award the following:**

- A. A lump sum in the amount of \$223,662.50, representing compensation in the amount of \$175,000.00 for his actual and projected pain and suffering, \$3,426.50 for his actual unreimbursable expenses, and \$45,236.00 for projected life care plan expenses for the first year following the entry of Judgment, in the form of a check payable to Petitioner; and**
- B. A lump sum sufficient to purchase the annuity contract described in Section A of the Proffer.**

These amounts represent compensation for all damages that would be available under Section 15(a).

The Clerk of Court is directed to enter judgment in accordance with this decision.⁴

IT IS SO ORDERED.

s/Brian H. Corcoran
Brian H. Corcoran
Chief Special Master

³ This amount represents the net present value of the portion awarded for future pain and suffering. Proffer at 3 n.2.

⁴ Pursuant to Vaccine Rule 11(a), entry of judgment can be expedited by the parties' joint filing of notice renouncing the right to seek review.

**THE UNITED STATES COURT OF FEDERAL CLAIMS
OFFICE OF SPECIAL MASTERS**

RICHARD STROESSNER,

Petitioner,

v.

SECRETARY OF HEALTH AND
HUMAN SERVICES,

Respondent.

No. 18-37V
Chief Special Master Brian H. Corcoran
ECF

RESPONDENT'S PROFFER ON AWARD OF COMPENSATION

On January 24, 2020, respondent filed his Rule 4(c) Report, in which he recommended that the Court find petitioner entitled to compensation, and on January 27, 2020, the Court entered its Ruling on Entitlement, finding petitioner entitled to compensation. ECF. No. 46; ECF No. 47. Specifically, based on respondent's recommendation, the Court found petitioner entitled to compensation for Guillain-Barré syndrome and related sequelae that he sustained following the administration of an influenza vaccination on October 19, 2015, and that petitioner's claim satisfies the requirements necessary to qualify as a Table injury under the Vaccine Injury Table. 42 U.S.C. § 300aa-14(a)(XIV)(D), (c)(15). Respondent now proffers that petitioner receive an award as follows:

A. Life Care Items Beginning on the First Anniversary of Judgment.

Respondent proffers an amount sufficient to purchase an annuity contract described below in this Section A of this Proffer, paid to the life insurance company from which the annuity will be purchased (the "Life Insurance Company").¹

¹ Notwithstanding references herein to "the Life Insurance Company" or "the annuity contract," to satisfy the conditions set forth herein, in respondent's sole and absolute discretion, respondent

The Secretary of Health and Human Services agrees to purchase an annuity contract from the Life Insurance Company for the benefit of petitioner, pursuant to which the Life Insurance Company will agree to make payments periodically to petitioner for the following items of compensation:

- (a) For ancillary service, equipment, medication, and transportation expenses, beginning on the first anniversary of the date of judgment, an annual amount of \$2,243.96 to be paid for the remainder of petitioner's life, all amounts increasing at the rate of four percent (4%), compounded annually from the date of judgment; and
- (b) For attendant care and home service expenses, beginning on the first anniversary of the date of judgment, an annual amount of \$28,075.00 to be paid up to the anniversary of the date of judgment in year 2026, then beginning on the anniversary of the date of judgment in year 2026 an annual amount of \$35,558.00 to be paid up to the anniversary of the date of judgment in year 2027, then beginning on the anniversary of the date of judgment in year 2027 an annual amount of \$32,798.00 to be paid for the remainder of petitioner's life, all amounts increasing at the rate of four percent (4%), compounded annually from the date of judgment.

At the sole discretion of the Secretary of Health and Human Services, the periodic payments may be provided to petitioner in monthly, quarterly, annual or other installments. The "annual amounts" set forth above describe only the total yearly sum to be paid to petitioner and do not require that the payment be made in one annual installment. Petitioner will continue to

may purchase one or more annuity contracts from one or more life insurance companies. Moreover, the Life Insurance Company must have a minimum of \$250,000,000 capital and surplus, exclusive of any mandatory security valuation reserve. The Life Insurance Company must have one of the following ratings from two of the following rating organizations:

- a. A.M. Best Company: A++, A+, A+g, A+p, A+r, or A+s;
- b. Moody's Investor Service Claims Paying Rating: Aa3, Aa2, Aa1, or Aaa;
- c. Standard and Poor's Corporation Insurer Claims-Paying Ability Rating: AA-, AA, AA+, or AAA;
- d. Fitch Credit Rating Company, Insurance Company Claims Paying Ability Rating: AA-, AA, AA+, or AAA.

receive the annuity payments from the Life Insurance Company only so long as petitioner is alive at the time that a particular payment is due. Written notice to the Secretary of Health and Human Services and the Life Insurance Company shall be provided within twenty (20) days of petitioner's death.

The annuity contract will be owned solely and exclusively by the Secretary of Health and Human Services and will be purchased as soon as practicable following the entry of a judgment in conformity with this Proffer. The parties agree that upon the purchase of the annuity contract, the Secretary of Health and Human Services and the United States of America are released from any and all obligations with respect to future annuity payments.

Petitioner authorizes respondent to disclose documents filed by petitioner in this case consistent with the Privacy Act and the routine uses described in the National Vaccine Injury Compensation Program System of Records, No. 09-15-0056.

**B. Remaining Compensation for Damages Available under
42 U.S.C. § 300aa-15(a).**

In addition to the compensation proffered above in Section A of this Proffer, respondent proffers a lump sum **\$223,662.50** in the form of a check payable to petitioner.² This amount represents all remaining compensation for damages available under 42 U.S.C. § 300aa-15(a).³

Petitioner has reviewed the foregoing and agrees with the proffered award as stated above in Sections A and B of this Proffer.⁴

² This sum consists of \$45,236.00 for future life care plan expenses for the first year following the entry of judgment; \$3,426.50 for past unreimbursed expenses; and \$175,000.00 for past and future pain and suffering at net present value.

³ Should petitioner die prior to entry of judgment, the parties reserve the right to move the Court for appropriate relief. In particular, respondent would oppose any award for future medical expenses and future pain and suffering. Petitioner makes no claim for future lost earnings.

Respectfully submitted,

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DATED: April 19, 2022

⁴ This proffer does not include any award for attorneys' fees and costs that may be awarded pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 300aa-15(e).